

WATERSHED ACTIVITY BOOKLET GRADES 3-5

The Watershed Watch Campaign is a public education initiative of the Santa Clara Valley Urban Runoff Pollution Prevention Program (SCVURPPP), a coalition of local government agencies.

What is a Watershed?

A watershed is all of the land that drains water into the same waterway (e.g., creek, river, lake, bay, etc.). Any land, whether it be a park, farm, forest or even a school parking lot, is part of a watershed. Think of a watershed as a funnel, collecting all of the water within a land area and draining it into the nearest body of water. Everyone in the world lives in a watershed.

Many daily activities can pollute watersheds. For example, trash left on streets and sidewalks, toxic chemicals used in gardening, oil from leaking vehicles, and pet waste left on the ground are sources of water pollution.

A healthy watershed is important to the people, wildlife, and plants within it. Do your part to keep your local watershed safe and clean. You are the solution to v



Write one thing you can do to prevent the pollution of our watersheds:

Stormwater Pollution

Have you noticed the storm drains on your street labeled with "No Dumping Flows to Bay" or a similar message? Rainwater can wash trash and other pollutants off sidewalks, streets, and parking walks into storm drains. Pollutants that enter storm drains flow directly to local creeks and the San Francisco Bay, and can harm fish and other wildlife. This is called stormwater pollution.







Take a look at the pictures. Circle "thumbs up" if what is shown can prevent stormwater pollution or "thumbs down" if it can cause stormwater pollution.









Watershed Word Search

Using the Word Bank below, find the words in the puzzle. Words can go horizontal, vertical, and diagonal.

Н	А	В	Т	Т	А	Т	Ν	А	F	0	Ρ	0	Ν	D	В	L	В
Ζ	S	U	0	V	Μ	Y	S	W	Т	L	Х	В	U	F	А	R	S
Т	Е	S	Т	U	А	R	Y	В	S	G	В	W	Е	L	Y	R	Y
U	Т	S	Н	Y	U	Ν	U	L	Н	Н	Т	R	С	А	Μ	А	Н
R	V	Κ	R	Х	Н	T	С	R	Е	Е	K	U	0	Κ	Κ	T	Q
Т	Q	А	Κ	0	S	T	R	Е	А	Μ	В	Ν	S	Е	S	Ν	Ι
L	J	Μ	V	В	L	F	0	В	Ζ	Y	Ζ	0	Y	G	Ν	D	Μ
Е	S	V	С	Е	Κ	А	J	Т	S	D	U	F	S	А	0	R	Х
S	Т	0	R	Μ	D	R	А	Т	Ν	В	J	F	Т	Т	Q	0	J
G	F	Ν	S	Х	L	Y	F	В	Т	R	D	Y	Е	Μ	А	Ρ	0
V	С	W	G	Κ	R	Ν	Κ	Ρ	W	V	Е	С	Μ	Μ	Ρ	В	Ζ
Ρ	Х	S	W	А	Т	Е	R	S	Н	Е	D	J	D	L	Ζ	D	S



WORD BANK

BAY, BIRD, CREEK ECOSYSTEM, ESTUARY, FISH HABITAT, LAKE, POND, RAINDROP, RUNOFF, STORMDRAIN STREAM, TURTLE, WATERSHED

Source: Santa Clara County Watershed Protection Division Watershed Activity Booklet

Circle and Label Items that Could End Up in the River





Food Chain Links

-bi

Calling all biologists! The Watershed Watch Campaign is trying to understand the connection between animals and plants, and we need your help. A biologist is a scientist who studies living things. There are many types of biologists—some study small living things like bacteria and viruses, while others study animals and plants. For this activity, you will study how animals and plants in your neighborhood are connected. To understand this connection, you will create a food chain!

Intro to Food Chains

What is a food chain?

A food chain shows the order in which plants and animals feed on each other.

What are producers?

All food chains begin with producers, usually plants. Plants make their own food (energy) by using sunlight.

What are consumers?

Animals are consumers, they cannot produce food on their own.



What are first level consumers?

Animals that eat plants are known as herbivores and they are first level consumers on a food chain.

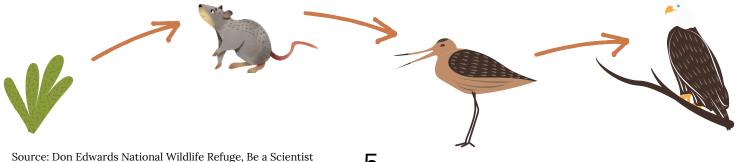
What are second, third, and fourth level consumers?

Animals that are second, third, and fourth level consumers in a food chain are insectivores (insect-eating), carnivorous (flesh-eating), or omnivorous (flesh-and plant-eating).



Food Chain Example

Pickleweed is eaten by salt marsh harvest mice, which are eaten by Ridgway's rails, which are eaten by birds of prey.



Source: Don Edwards National Wildlife Refuge, Be a Scientis Booklet

Source: Don Edwards National Wildlife Refuge, Be a Scientist Booklet

Food Chain Links, continued

Instructions

Cut the

construction

inches long.

paper into strips

that are about 1.5

You are going to make your own food chains! First, choose which food chain you would like to make. Remember-your food chain must start with a producer. Follow the instructions below to complete the chain.

Draw or write

down one member

(plant or animal)

on each strip of

Materials

- Construction paper
- Scissors
- Glue
- Pencil
- Colored markers

inches wide and 8 chain you chose. paper done!

Loop and glue the

strips into a chain

that shows the

order of the food

Reflection: A pollutant, like trash, threatens the health of plants, animals, and/or the natural environment. How would your food chain be affected by pollution? How would your food chain change if one of the species was impacted? Write your answer below.

Which of the following is a producer, primary consumer, or second level consumer? Label the species below!

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Grasses



California Poppy





Once all of your

strips have been

linked together,

your food chain is

Attract Birds In Your Own Backyard!



Create a hangout for birds in your backyard! Birds provide natural insect control and are good for the environment.

Toilet Paper Roll Bird Feeder

What you'll need:

- Peanut butter
- Birdseed
- Empty toilet paper roll
- String or yarn



Spread a medium coat of peanut butter on the outside of an empty toilet paper roll. Then, pour birdseed onto a plate and roll the toilet paper roll over it until completely covered. Find a tree branch outside, slip it over, and you are all set! And if you would rather hang them up, just thread a piece of yarn through the middle.







The best way to learn more about our watersheds and see the many plants and animals that live in them is to head out and explore another trail! Need a suggestion? Visit the Don Edwards National Wildlife Refuge or Santa Clara County Parks (www.parkhere.org) to see birds and other wildlife. And finally, remember to leave no trace!

Where did you go to explore our local watersheds?

Draw or write about something you saw on the trail:

THE THREE 'R'S YOU SHOULD KNOW Three great ways YOU can eliminate waste and protect your environment!

PLASTICS AND SEABIRDS

One of the largest threats to our local environment is plastic pollution. Scientists are finding more plastics than food in the stomachs many sea birds. One way we can help is by our plastic use by following the three 'R's - Reduce, Reuse, and Recycle!







REDUCE

To lessen – Use natural resources wisely, use less than usual in order to avoid waste.

What is one way you reduce?

REUSE

To use again-"Reuse" materials in their original form instead of throwing them away, or pass those materials on to others who could use them too!

What is one way you reuse?

RECYCLE

To make something new, fresh, or strong again - don't throw away anything that can be recycled.

What is one way you recycle?

Source: Don Edwards National Wildlife Refuge, Earth Day 2021 Booklet

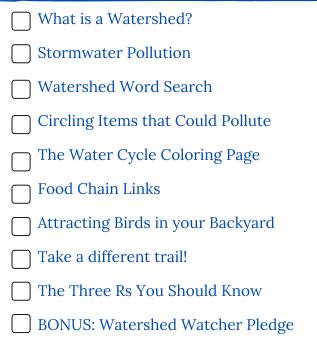
Watershed Watch PLEDGE

Dear Watershed Watcher:

The Earth gives us all we need to live: from the air we breathe to the water we drink and the food we eat. By reducing our waste, recycling properly, and reusing items, we help the plants and animals in our local watersheds. Next time you see litter, pick it up, and have a conversation about why not littering is so important. By taking these actions, we are saying 'thank you' to the Earth. When we work together, we can make our watersheds safe and healthy places for all.



WHICH ACTIVITIES DID YOU COMPLETE?



Watershed Watch PLEDGE

You are a Watershed Watcher; you have the power to make our local creeks, San Francisco Bay, and Pacific Ocean a happy and healthy place. By writing your name on the line below, you pledge to celebrate our local waterways every day, in the best way you can. Thank you for completing the Watershed Activity Booklet from the Watershed Watch Campaign!

Your Signature

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Watershed Activity Booklet Source Credits

Earth Day Booklet, Don Edwards National Wildlife Refuge

Be a Scientist Booklet, Don Edwards National Wildlife Refuge

A Home for Salty, Don Edwards National Wildlife Refuge

Student Conservation Association Bird Feeder Photos

National Aeronautics and Space Administration, nasa.gov

Watershed Activity Booklet, Santa Clara County Watershed Protection Division





Water from your neighborhood enters the storm drain system and flows directly to local creeks and the Bay **without any treatment**. It often contains pollutants that can be toxic to fish, wildlife, and people. Never put anything into the gutter, street or storm drain.

The Watershed Watch Campaign is dedicated to raising awareness about water pollution in our creeks and the Bay, and encouraging actions that prevent urban runoff pollution and protect our watershed. Visit the Watershed Watch website at www.myWatershedWatch.org for more information.